

World Summit for Children Indicators: Delhi, 1999

BASIC INDICATORS

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| Childhood mortality | Infant mortality rate | 47 per 1,000 |
| | Under-five mortality rate | 55 per 1,000 |
| Childhood malnutrition | Percent stunted (children 0–35 months) | 36.8 |
| | Percent wasted (children 0–35 months) | 12.5 |
| | Percent underweight (children 0–35 months) | 34.7 |
| Clean water supply | Percent of households within 15 minutes of a safe water supply ¹ | 93.7 |
| Sanitary excreta disposal | Percent of households with flush toilet | 85.5 |
| Basic education | Percent of women age 15–49 with completed primary education | 76.0 |
| | Percent of men age 15–49 with completed primary education | 89.4 |
| | Percent of girls age 6–12 attending school | 92.0 |
| | Percent of boys age 6–12 attending school | 91.9 |
| | Percent of women age 15–49 who are literate | 79.3 |
| Children in especially difficult situations | Percent of children age 0–14 who live in single adult households | 0.9 |

SUPPORTING INDICATORS

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| Birth spacing | Percent of births within 24 months of a previous birth | 28.3 |
| Safe motherhood | Percent of births with medical antenatal care | 83.2 |
| | Percent of births with antenatal care in first trimester | 49.0 |
| | Percent of births with medical assistance at delivery | 65.9 |
| | Percent of births in a medical facility | 59.1 |
| | Percent of births at high risk | 37.5 |
| Family planning | Contraceptive prevalence rate (any method, currently married women) | 63.8 |
| | Percent of currently married women with an unmet need for family planning | 13.4 |
| | Percent of currently married women with an unmet need for family planning to avoid a high-risk birth | 9.4 |
| Maternal nutrition | Percent of women with low body mass index (BMI) | 12.0 |
| Low birth weight | Percent of births with low birth weight (of those reporting a numeric weight) | 26.2 |
| Breastfeeding | Percent of children under 4 months who are exclusively breastfed | 13.2 |
| Iodized salt intake | Percent of households that use iodized salt (at least 15 ppm) | 89.2 |
| Vaccinations | Percent of children whose mothers received tetanus toxoid vaccinations during pregnancy | 91.6 |
| | Percent of children 12–23 months with measles vaccination | 77.5 |
| | Percent of children 12–23 months fully vaccinated | 69.8 |
| Diarrhoea control | Percent of children with diarrhoea in the preceding 2 weeks who received ORS, sugar-salt-water solution, or gruel | 53.4 |
| Acute respiratory infection | Percent of children with acute respiratory infection in the preceding 2 weeks seen by medical personnel | 83.3 |

¹Water from pipes, hand pump, covered well, or tanker truck